

ENGLISH WORKSHEET N^o7: “POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES”
FORMATIVE EVALUATION MISTER: SEBASTIÁN TORO SALAS and
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SECOND SEMESTER 2020

Full Name	:	_____			
Capacity	:	Writing / Reading			
Skill	:	Write 'Possessive Adjectives'. Read and identify 'Possessive Adjectives' – OA05 - OA14			
Deadline	:	04 / 12 / 2020	Grade	:	6 th grades
Score	:	24 / pts	Concept	:	
MB:	24 – 19	S:	12 - 7		
B:	18 – 13	I:	6 - 0		

INSTRUCCIONES: Imprime esta guía, pégala en tu cuaderno y desarróllala. Si no puedes imprimirla deja el espacio para la ella y sólo realiza el desarrollo en tu cuaderno poniendo el nombre de ésta. Cuando vuelvas se te entregará una copia para pegarla. Saca una foto a las respuestas, poniendo en claro el número del ítem, de la pregunta y la respuesta con letra clara, ya que si la respuesta no es claramente legible, se tomará como respuesta incorrecta. Envíala con nombre y curso, para revisar, retroalimentar y contestar dudas y así reenviarla con las correcciones para su posterior evaluación. Recuerda respetar la fecha límite de entrega y que tienes hasta las 23:59 hrs. para hacerla llegar a este correo: (correo del docente)

POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES.

The **possessive adjectives** in English (also called 'possessive determiners') are: **my, your, his, her, its, our, their**. They say who something belongs to, and they depend on the **subject** who owns the '**object**'

Subject (pronoun)	Possessive Adjective
I	My
You	Your
He	His
She	Her
It	Its
We	Our
They	Their

Check the following examples:

- I have a bag - this is **my** bag.
- You have a cat - that is **your** cat.
- He has a car - it is **his** car.
- She has a book - it is **her** book.
- The dog has a bed - it is **its** bed.
- We have an apartment - it is **our** apartment.
- They have a daughter - she is **their** daughter.

Notice:

Notice that when we use a 'Possessive Adjective' we use **this, that, it** or another pronoun depending on the 'object' that is owned and how we address that object, then we use a verb '**be**', then the '**Possessive Adjective**' and then the '**object**'

Let's check the third example:

He has a car – **it** is **his** car

We use **it** because we are referring to an object which is a car

Now let's try an exercise.

I. Read the following statements and rewrite them using '**Possessive Adjectives**' (4pts each, 16pts total)

1. They have a new car. - _____
2. I have an old laptop. - _____
3. He has a brother named Pablo. - _____
4. She has a restaurant downtown. - _____

II. Read the following text about a girl and underline all the '**Possessive Adjectives**' you can find. (1pt each, 8pts total).

"Hi! My name is Antonia, I live in San Felipe. My mom is cool, her name is Claudia and she is always telling funny stories. I have a little brother, his name is Martin and he is cool too, we always play in our garden. I have a lot of friends at school, their names are Isidora, Agustina, Benjamin, Daniel. My mom takes me to school in our car, I really like it".